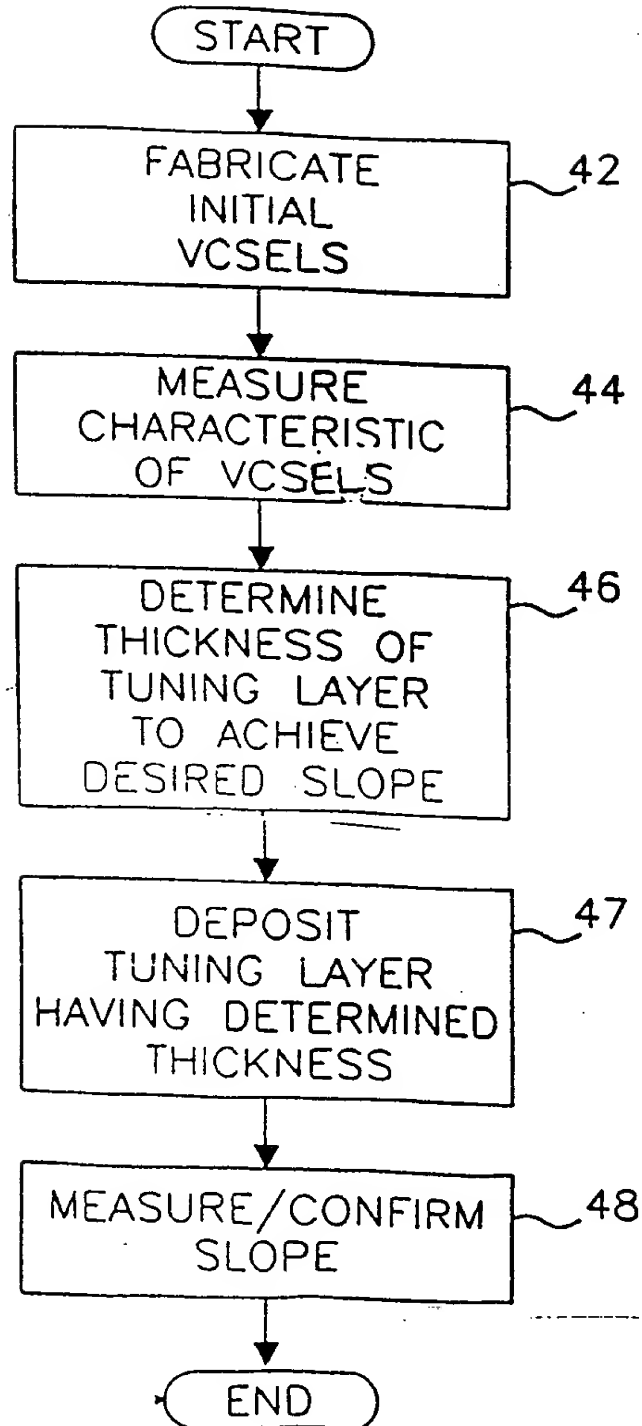
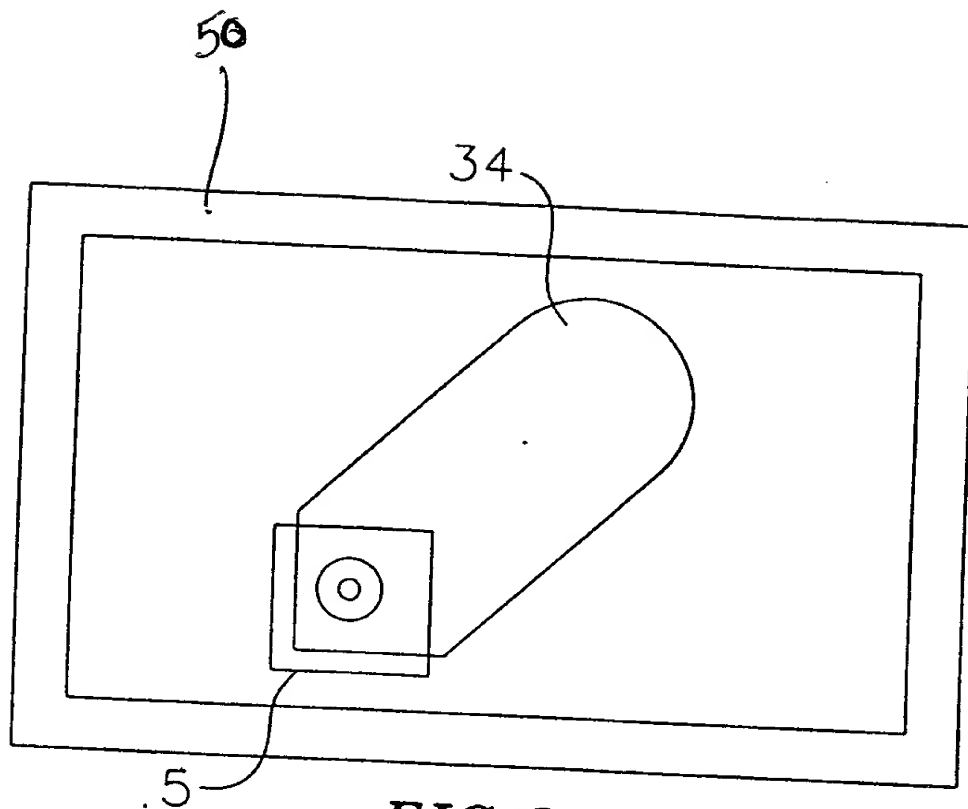


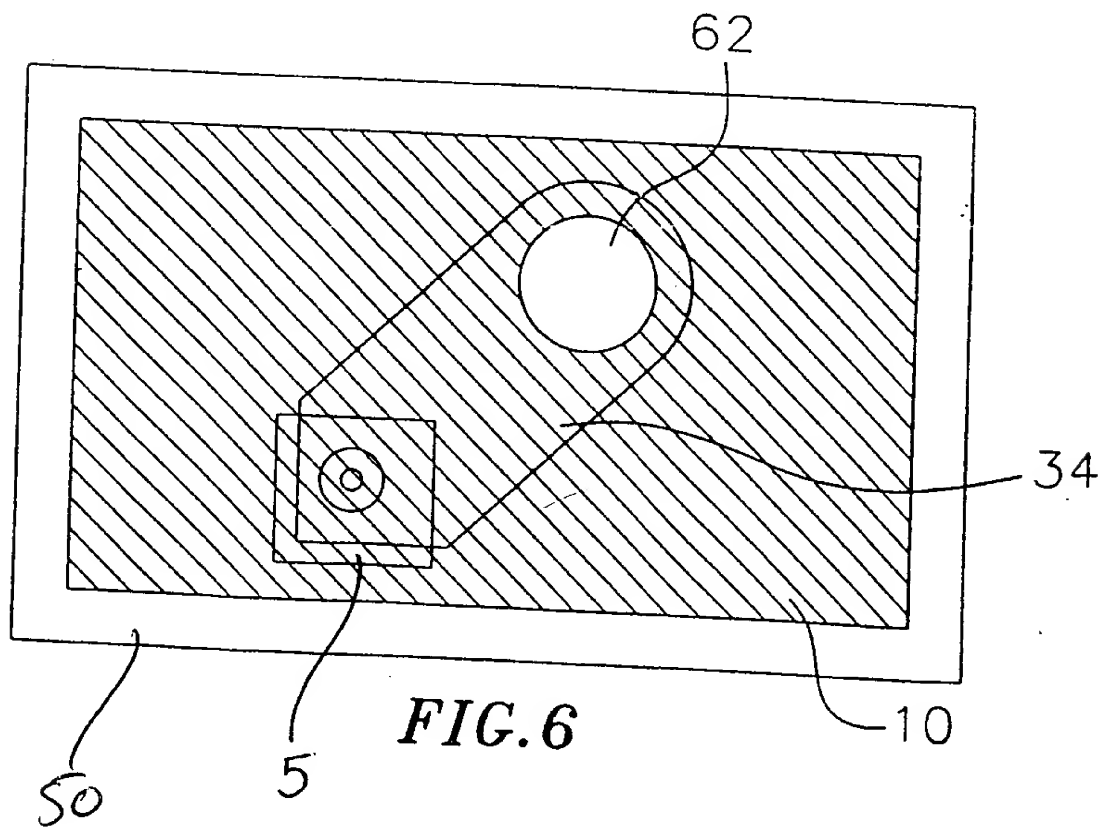


*FIG. 2*



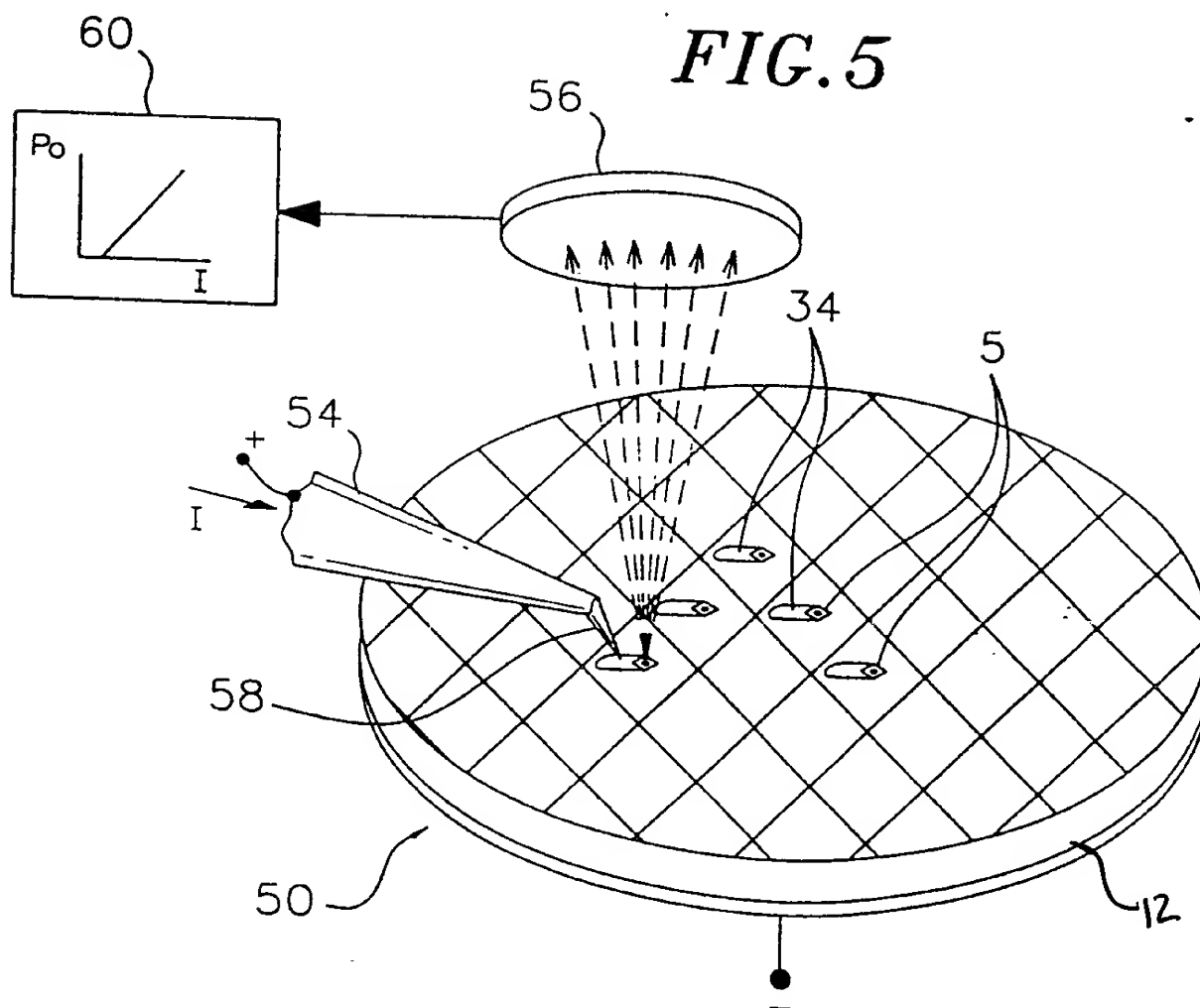


**FIG. 3**



**FIG. 6**

FIG. 5



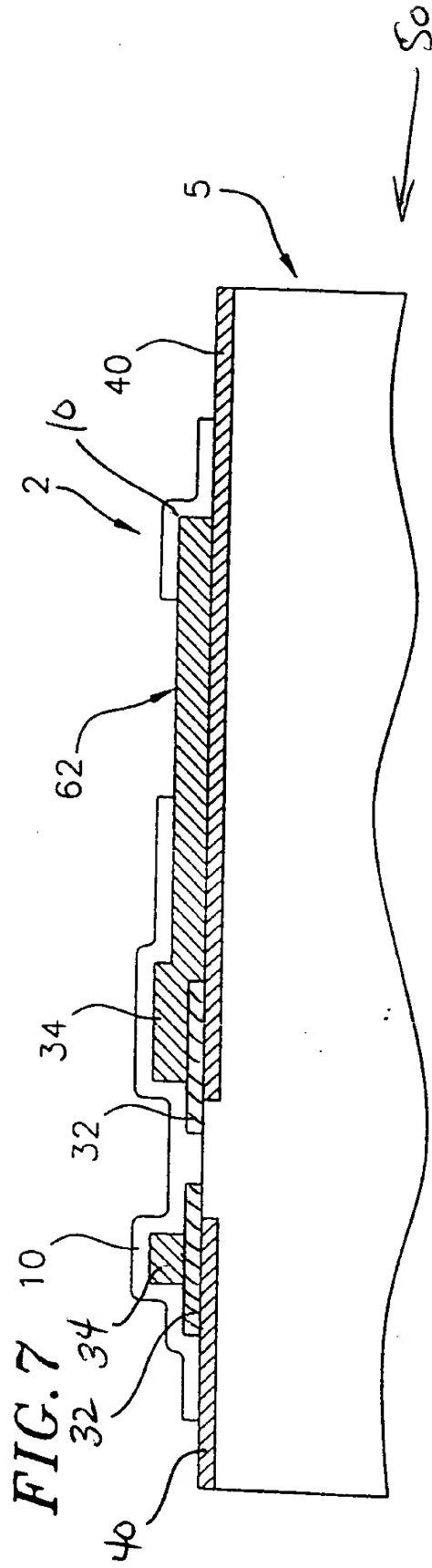
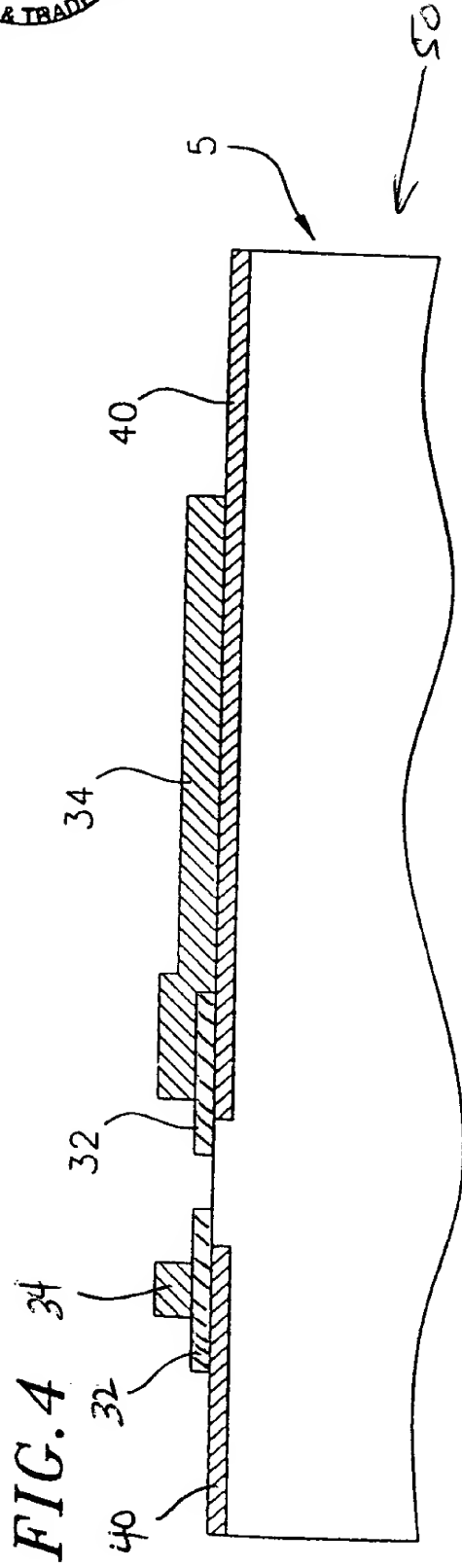
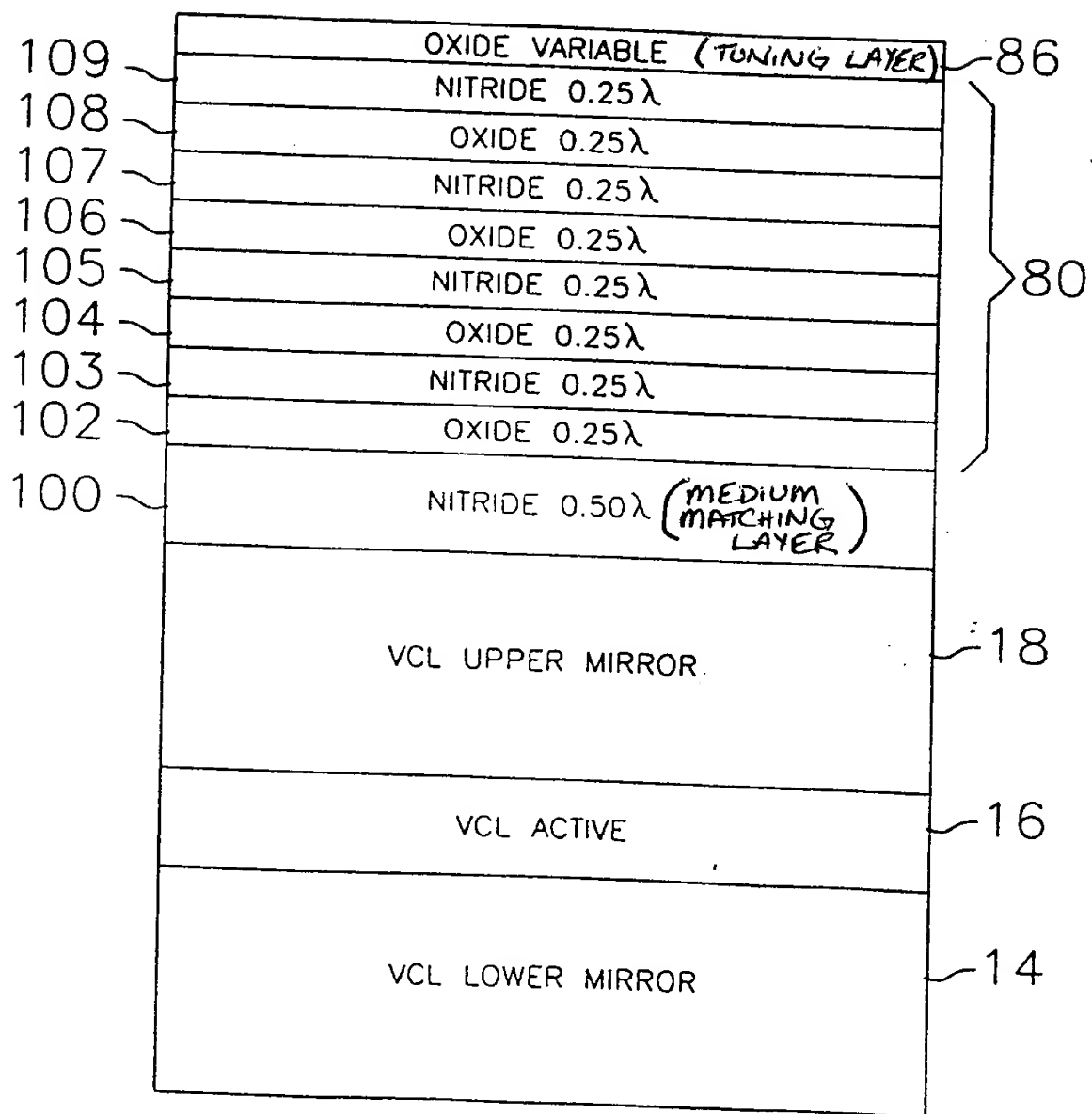
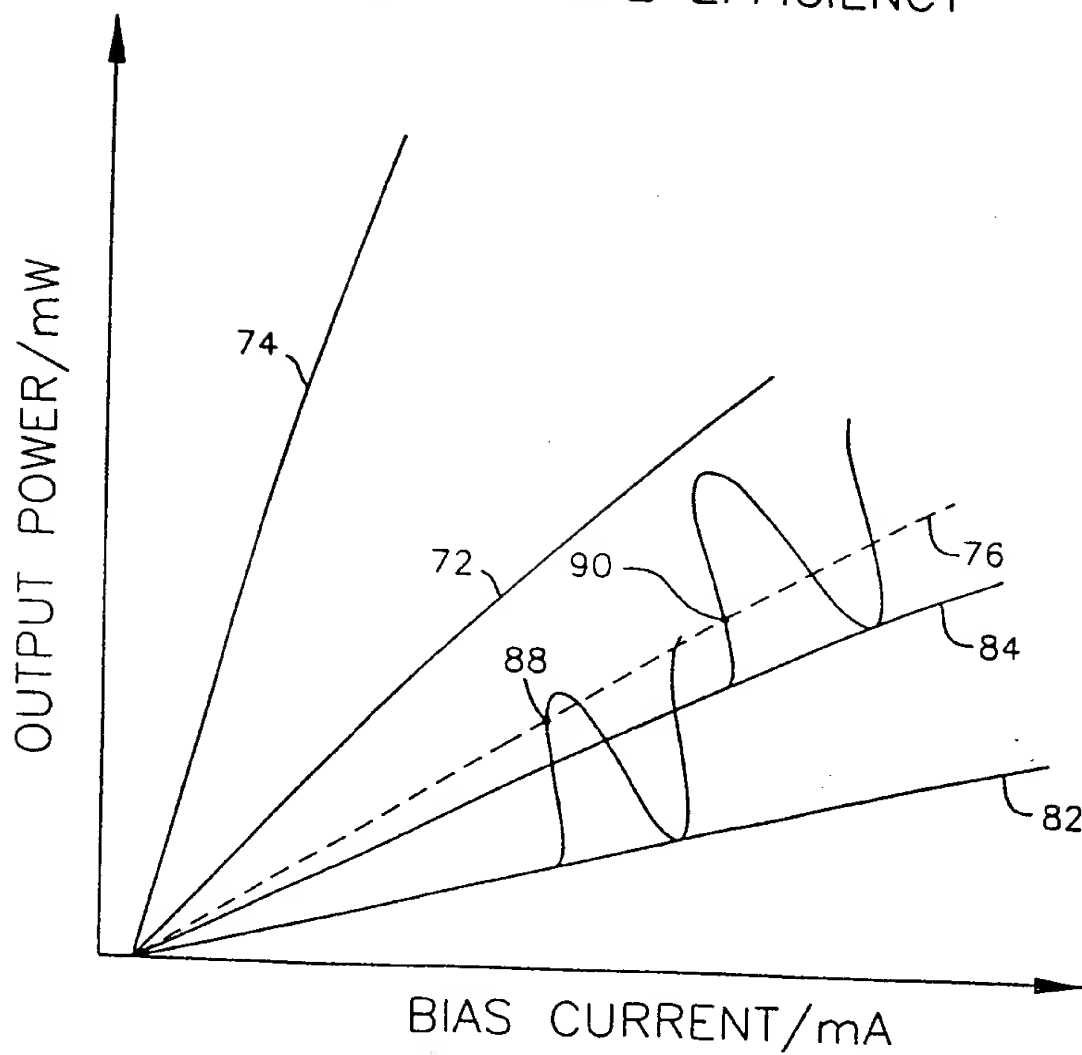


FIG. 8



**FIG. 9**  
LASER SLOPE EFFICIENCY



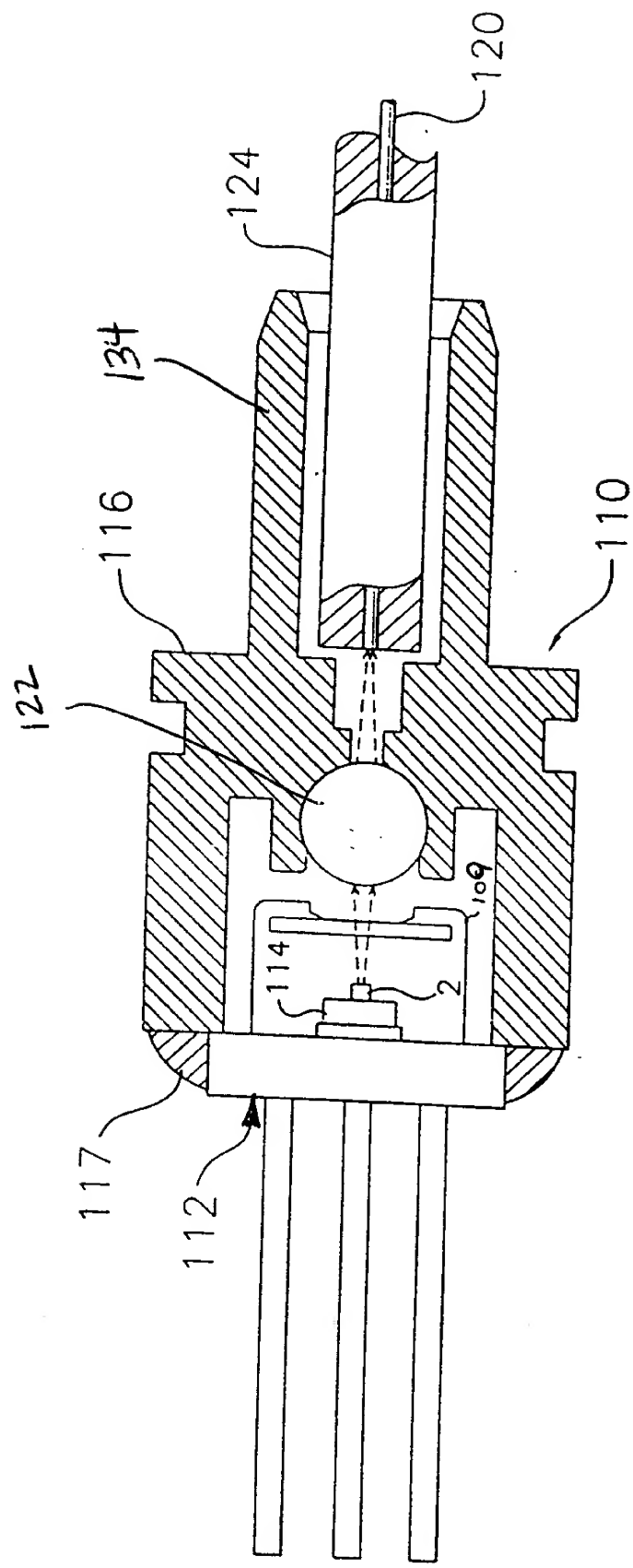


FIG. 10



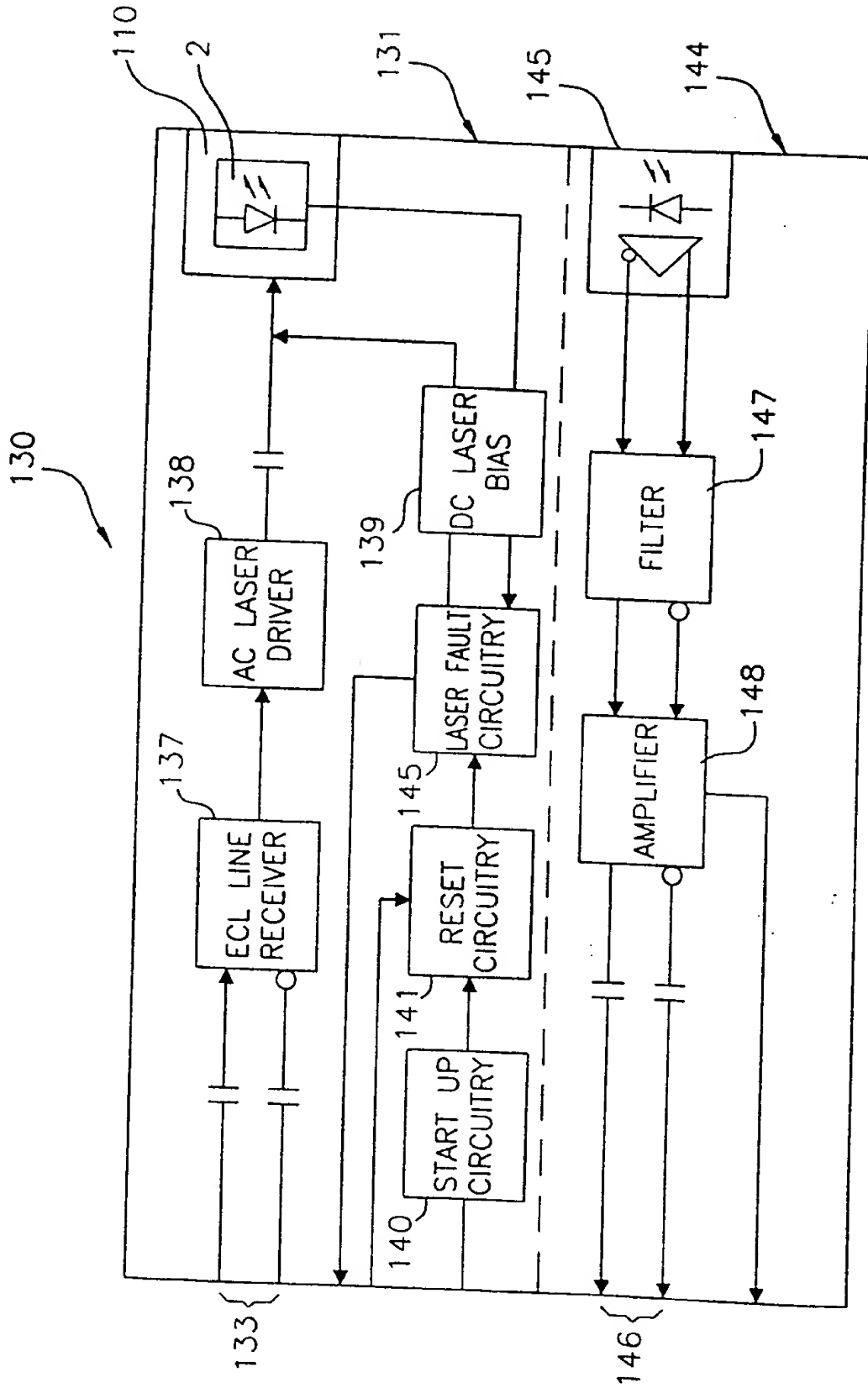


FIG. 11



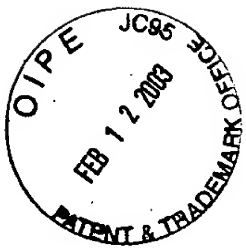
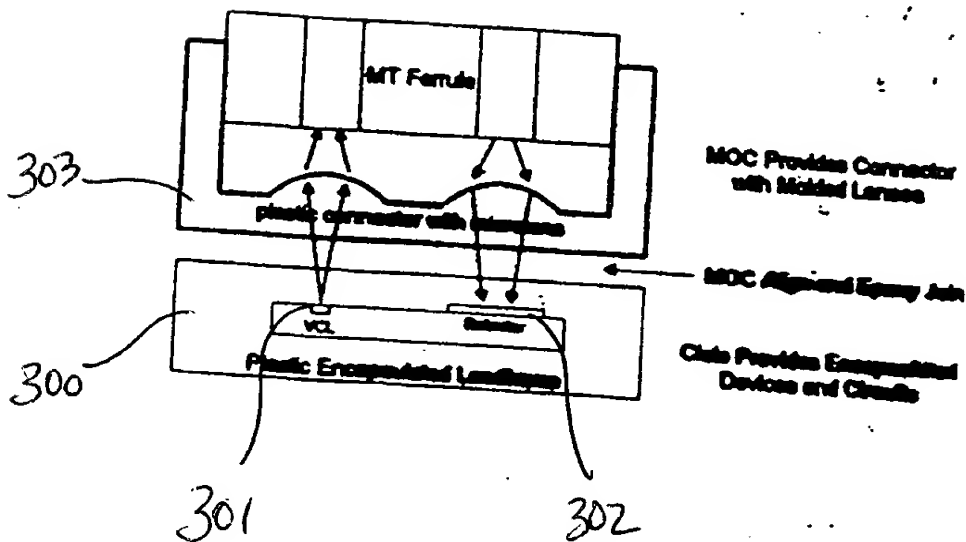


FIG. 13

**Small Form Factor Concept**

**PLASTIC ENCAPSULATED**



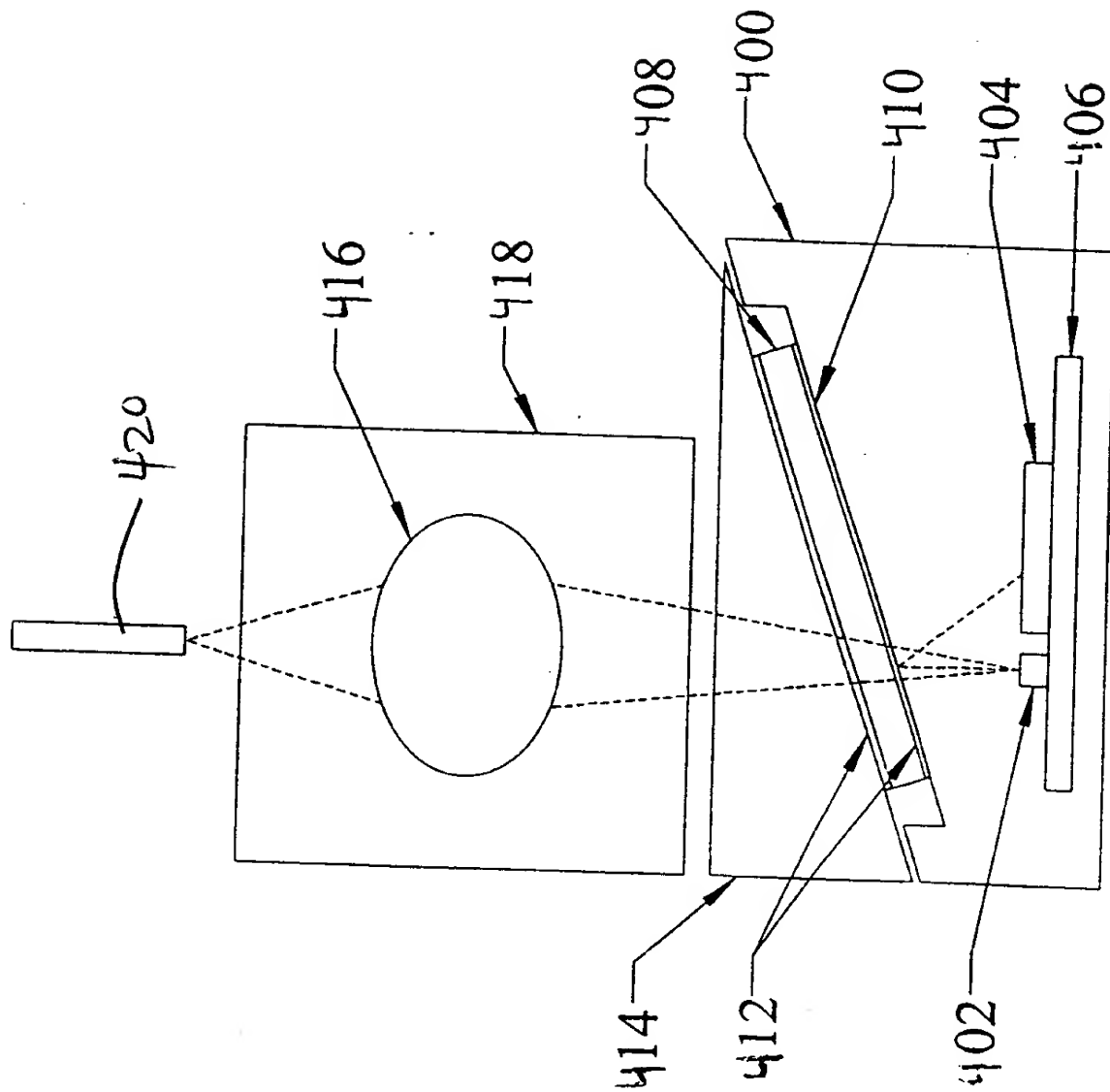


FIG. 14



FIG. 15

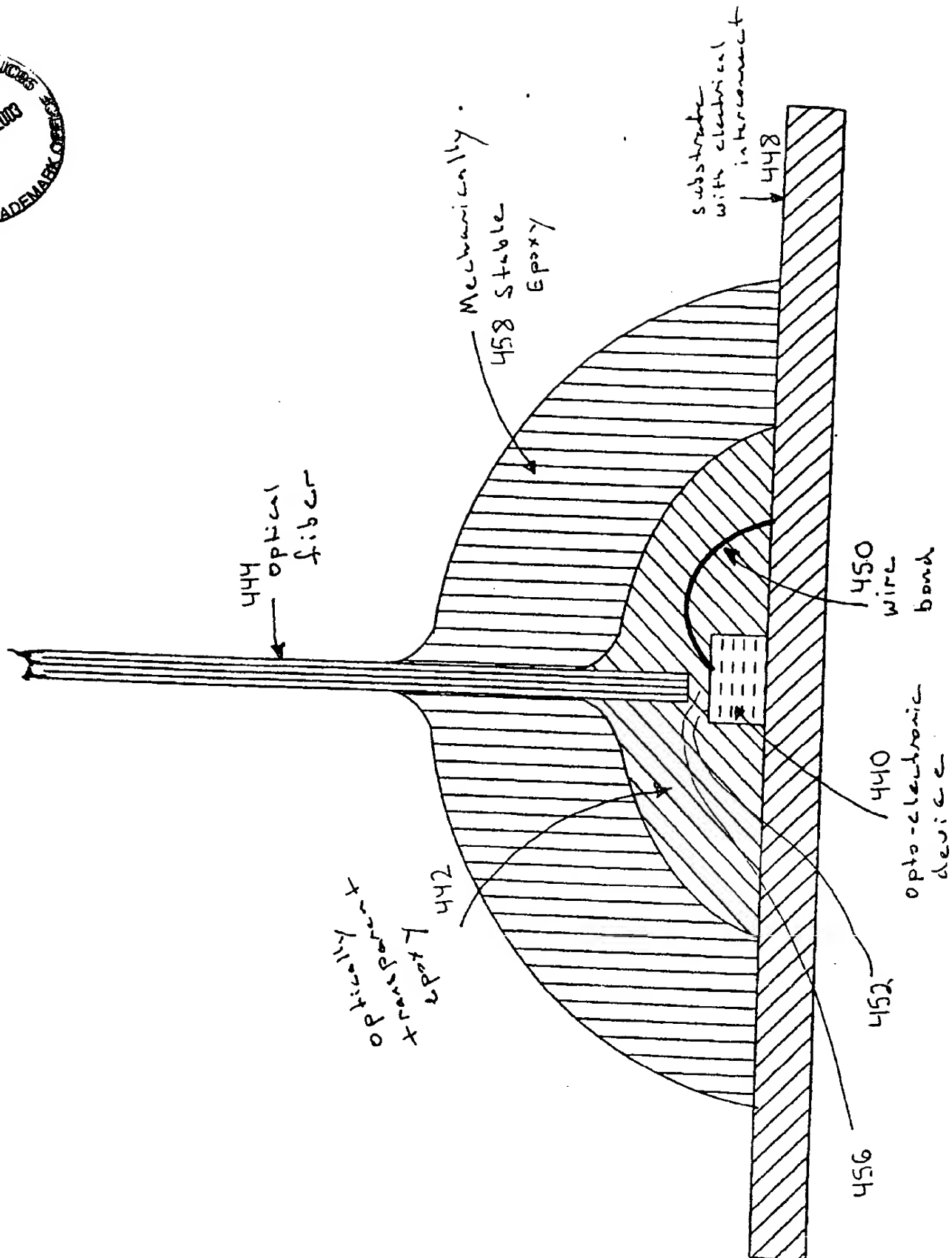
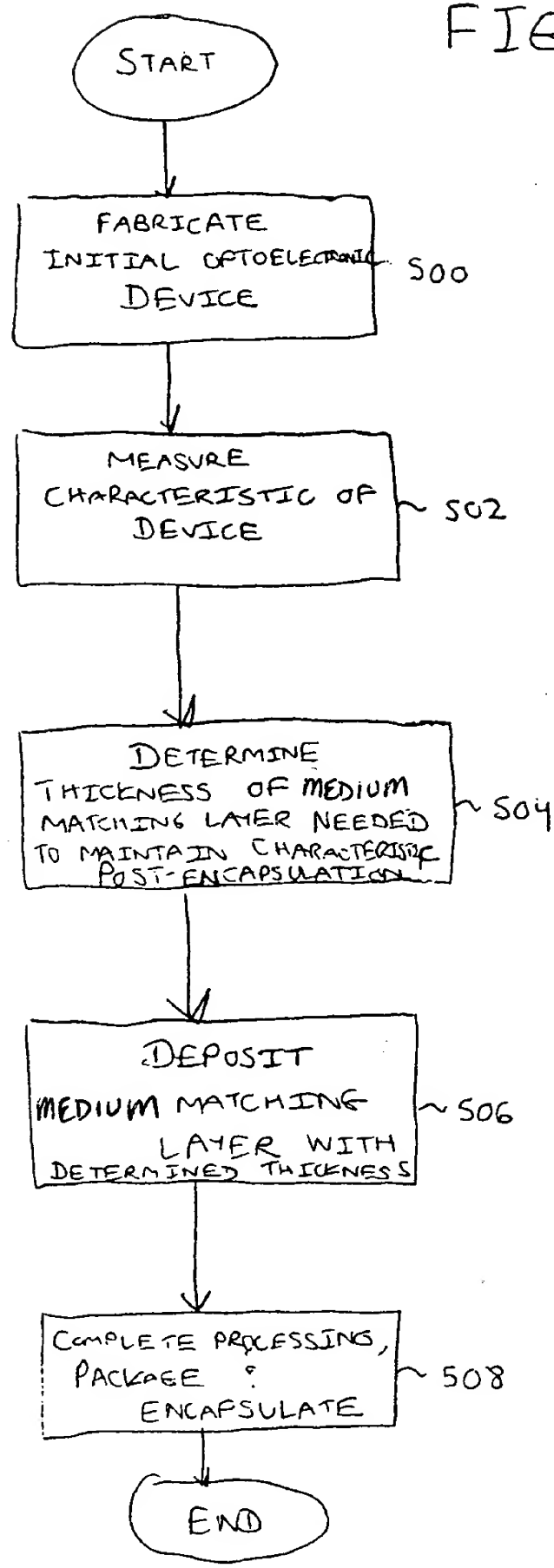




FIG. 16





| VCSEL structure | OxideMedium Match Thickness (A) | Transmission in air (%) | Transmission in plastic (%) |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 4 periods +     | 0                               | 0.017                   | 0.025                       |
| 4 periods +     | 200                             | 0.017                   | 0.025                       |
| 4 periods +     | 400                             | 0.018                   | 0.025                       |
| 4 periods +     | 600                             | 0.020                   | 0.024                       |
| 4 periods +     | 800                             | 0.023                   | 0.024                       |
| 4 periods +     | 840                             | 0.024                   | 0.024                       |
| 4 periods +     | 1000                            | 0.027                   | 0.024                       |
| 4 periods +     | 1200                            | 0.032                   | 0.023                       |
| 4 periods +     | 1400                            | 0.034                   | 0.023                       |

FIG. 17

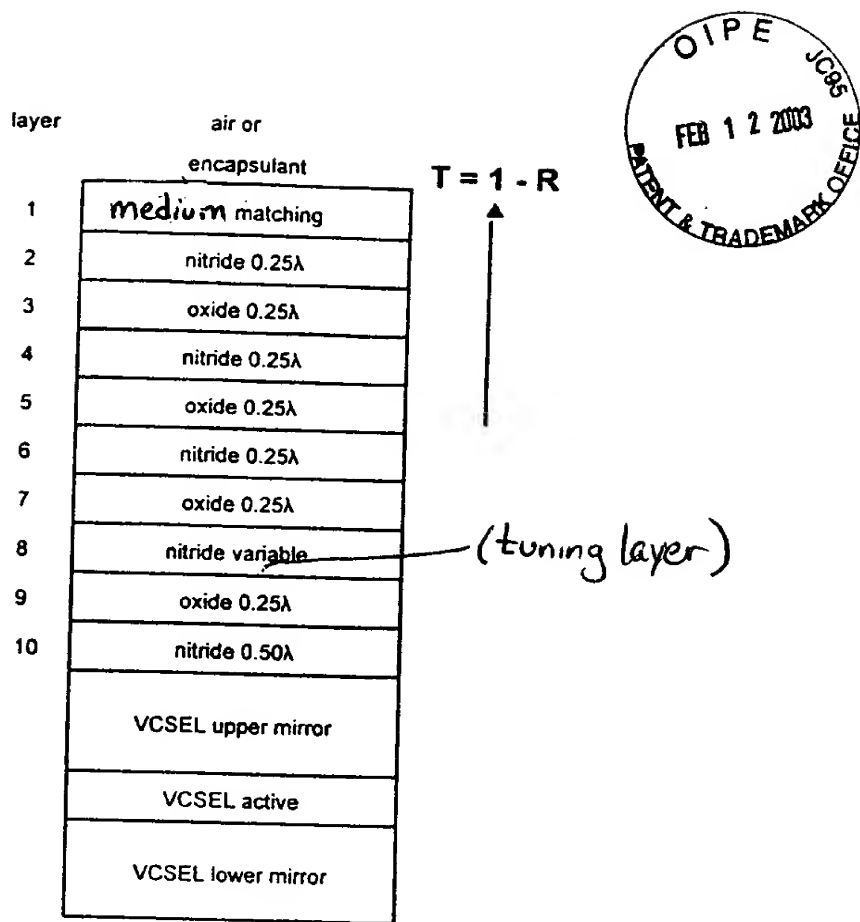


FIG. 18



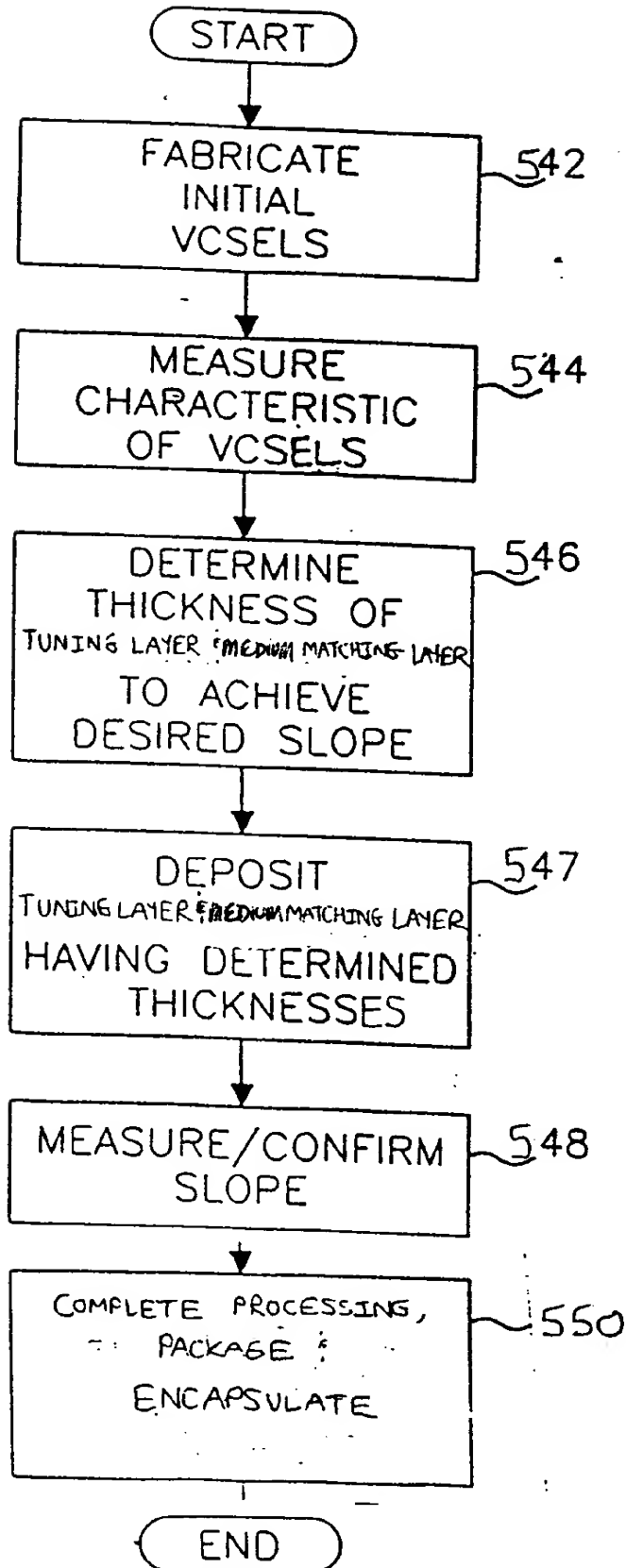
| Tuning Layer Thickness (layer 8) | Medium Match Thickness (layer 1) | Transmission in air or plastic | Loss | Optical Efficiency | Scaled |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|------|--------------------|--------|
| as grown                         | No mirror                        | 0.256                          | 0.3  | 0.460              | 1      |
| 1062                             | 840                              | 0.024                          | 0.3  | 0.074              | 0.161  |
| 850                              | 1050                             | 0.025                          | 0.3  | 0.077              | 0.167  |
| 637                              | 1300                             | 0.029                          | 0.3  | 0.088              | 0.191  |
| 425                              | 1550                             | 0.036                          | 0.3  | 0.107              | 0.233  |
| 212                              | 1930                             | 0.042                          | 0.3  | 0.123              | 0.267  |
| 0                                | 2330                             | 0.045                          | 0.3  | 0.130              | 0.283  |

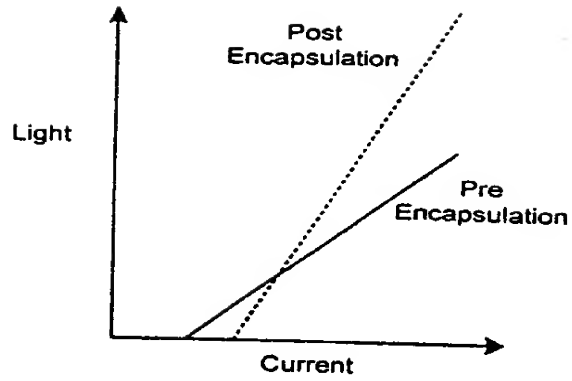
FIG. 19





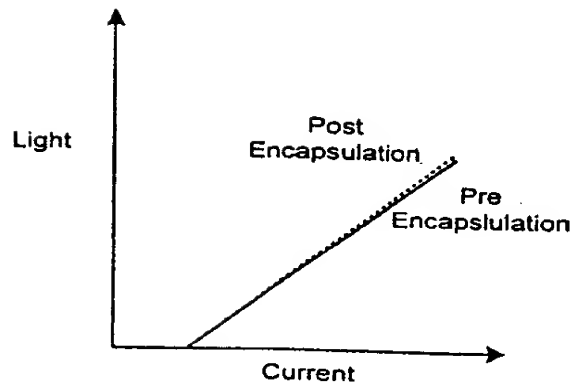
FIG. 20





Standard VCSEL Laser  
without invention

FIG. 21



VCSEL Laser according to the  
invention

FIG. 21A

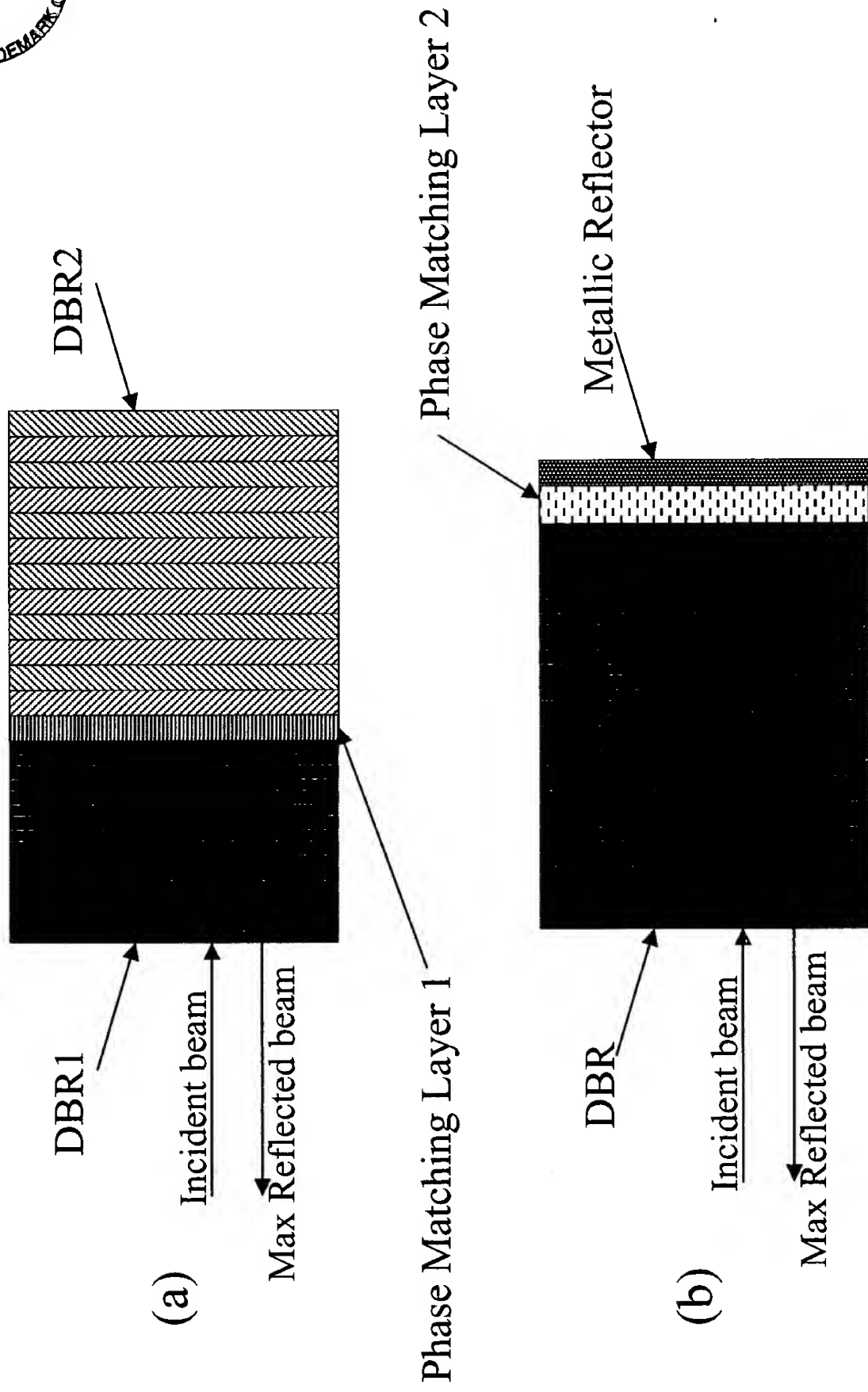
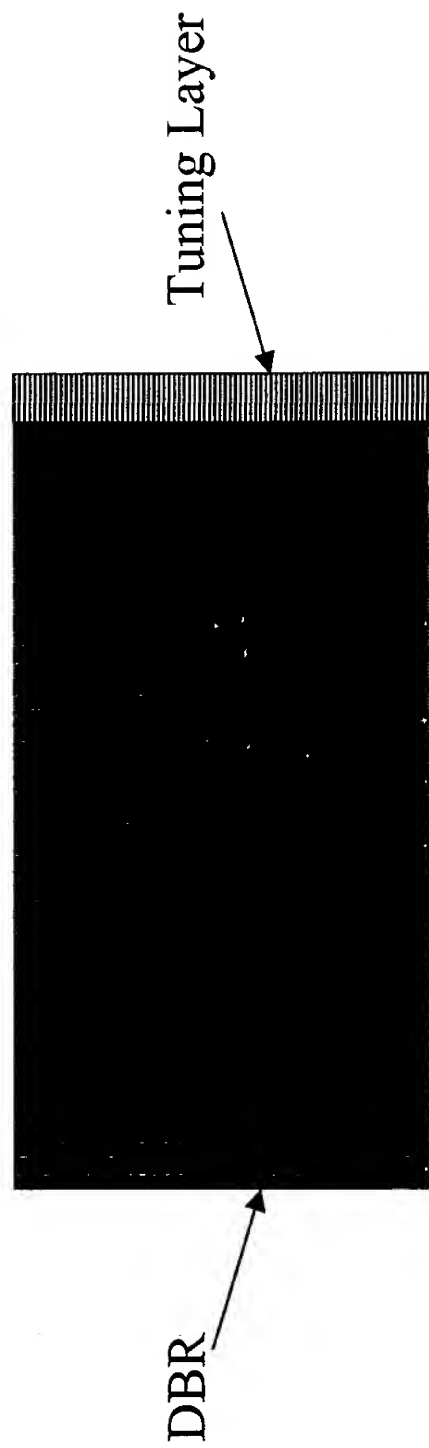


Figure 1. Prior Art Phase-Matching Layers



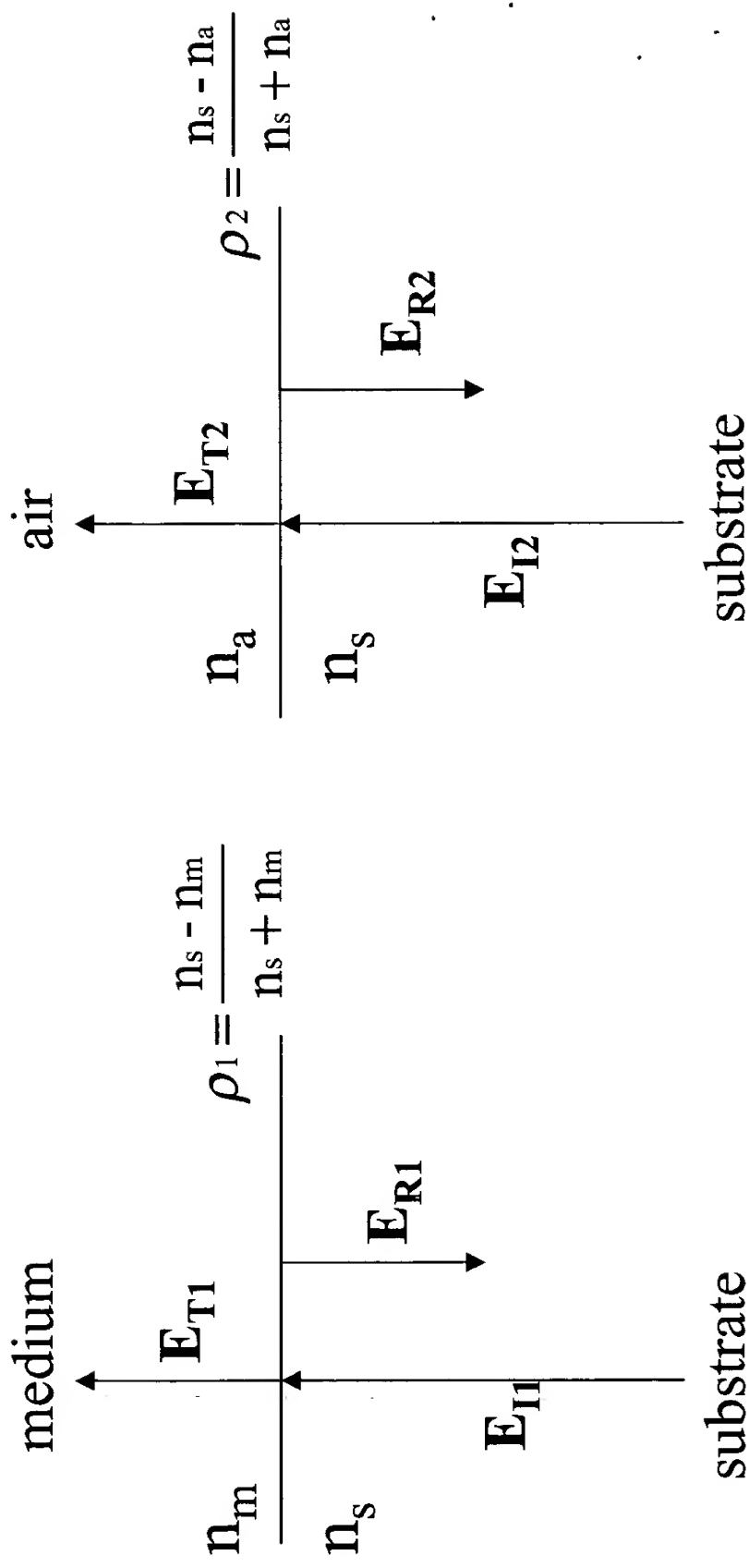
*Figure 2. Prior Art Tuning Layer*

$$R_1 = (\rho_1)^2$$

$$T_1 = 1 - R_1$$

$$R_2 = (\rho_2)^2$$

$$T_2 = 1 - R_2$$



NOTE:  $R_1 \neq R_2$  &  $T_1 \neq T_2$ , because  $n_m \neq n_a$

Figure 3. Elementary Example of the Problem

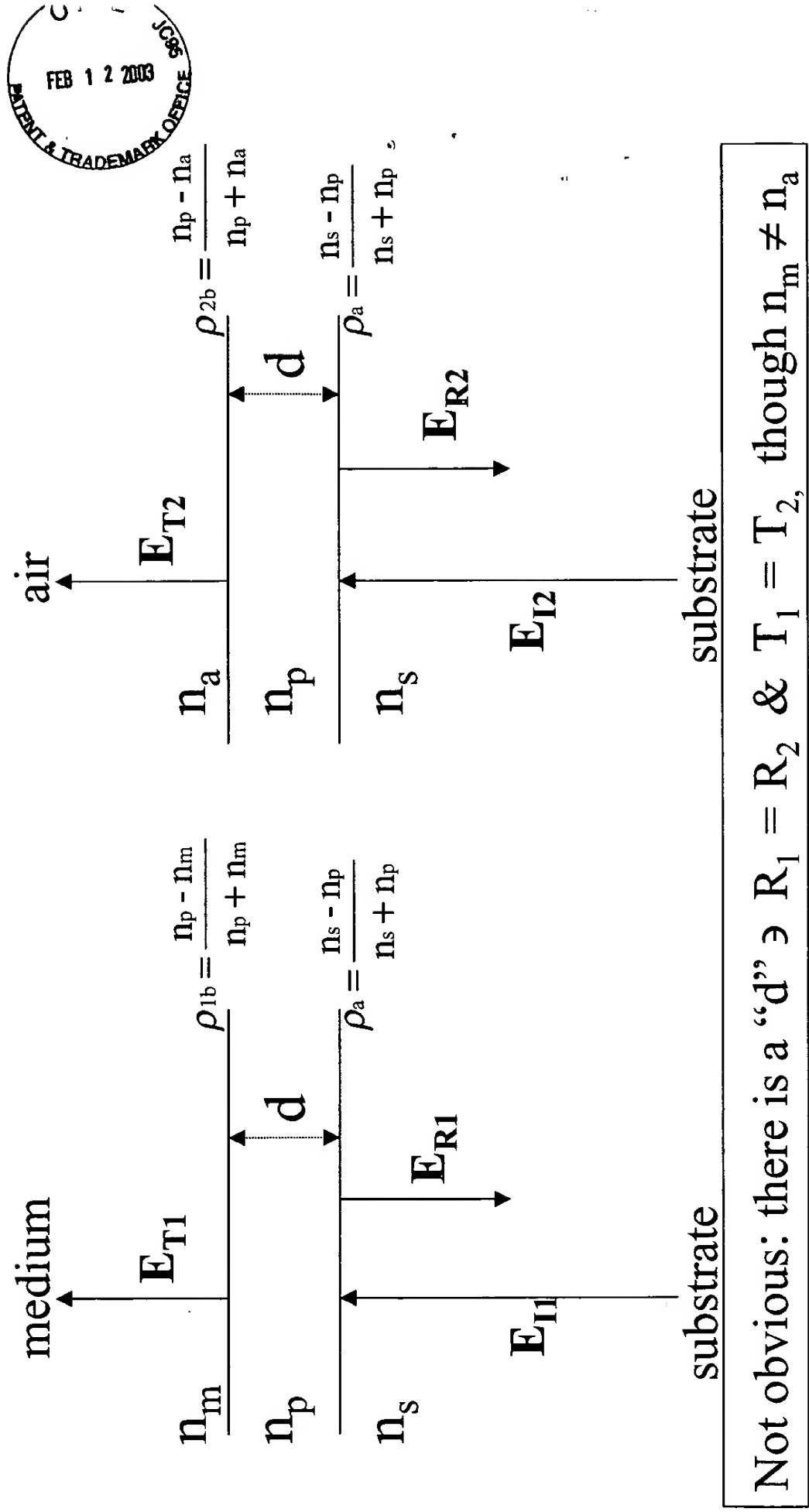
$$R_1 = f(\rho_{1b}, \rho_a, k, d)$$

$$T_1 = 1 - R_1$$

$$R_2 = f(\rho_{2b}, \rho_a, k, d)$$

$$T_2 = 1 - R_2$$

$$k = \frac{2\pi n_p}{\lambda}$$



Not obvious: there is a “d”  $\ni R_1 = R_2$  &  $T_1 = T_2$ , though  $n_m \neq n_a$

Figure 4. Elementary Example of the Solution



$$R_1 = \frac{(\rho_a + \rho_{1b})^2 - 4\rho_a \rho_{1b} \sin^2 kd}{(1 + \rho_a \rho_{1b})^2 - 4\rho_a \rho_{1b} \sin^2 kd}$$

$$R_2 = \frac{(\rho_a + \rho_{2b})^2 - 4\rho_a \rho_{2b} \sin^2 kd}{(1 + \rho_a \rho_{2b})^2 - 4\rho_a \rho_{2b} \sin^2 kd}$$

*Figure 5. Formulas for the  $R_1$  &  $R_2$  in figure 4*